THE CLARK BRIBERY CASE.

EACHARIAH T. CASON AGAIN UNDER CROSS-EXAMINATION.

Exonerated Clark, Then Gave Evidence Agains: Him Before the Grand Jary, Then Confessed That He Had Sworn Falsely and New Testifies Against Clark.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20. -The Clark brithat role most successfully was, perhaps, the last witness of yesterday and was to be the first of Zamariah T. Cason showed the utmost | as soon as possible. readiness in making contradictory statements. and then in finding excuses and palliations for sulate exhibiting specimens of the gold, saygreatest help to him, and that, if there had been in the Senatorial election, it had been and given evidence against Clark.

en he had another change of view, and had that he had spent sleepless nights on that account; that he wanted to avoid being subpoensed he would leave Helena. He got the means and disappeared for a while only to turn up in ten the etars with which he had been confronted. Mr Root he explained by saying id Root there was not a word of that a false statement, when known and declared

When Cased was called this morning it was found that he was not in the committee room and the suspense I was created that he had under gone an ther change of mind. Another witness was called in his place and in the course of his examination Cason made his appearance. The and \$80 for second-class passage; freight \$40 first witness was Francis Vermoyle, a member of the last Montana Legislature, who related how he had been approached May 1. with offers of \$10,000 and \$15,000. His testimony was interrupted by the chairman. attened the disappearance from Washing-

anything to Marcyes about compensating for his view. I said that Mr. Marcyes under-did that or something to that effect.

Det you not state that this conversation his outnow say you had with Senator Clark place with Wellcome? A. I had it with

to the point where Senator Clark amess a 8500 check. Mr. Faulkner "Clark must be a liberal tayer." thing he bears that reputation in Butte,"

iquired as to the number of state-

too bills and eight fifties.
'r Faulkner- I do not know where that

for the contestants announced that sel for the contestants announced that d moother witness present, and the chair-dled on Mr. Faulkner to put on his first Mr. Faulkner protested against hav-dless—as he had not seen any of his wit-and as they had all been subpoenced to by an understanding with the Com-

tt Caffery said that Bickford and Whiteand Charlie Clark were in the city and might amined at once as witnesses for Senator when witnesses for the defence would ded to be present; but that did not pre-examination of witnesses who were

Sulkner said he was not prepared hany witnesses, and it would be an out-require him to do so, as the other side fluished its case and he had not summar-

estimony already in.
Caffery said there was no ground for that his suggestion was in the or Callery said there was no ground for upon that his sugge tion was in the degree unfair. It was unfair to prolong sufficient when witnesses could be extitled detriment to anybody, sulker said that he night be ready in usker said that he night be ready in use to put on any witnesses that were es but he thought that the prosecution or male to cless its case before he was a too per the thought it unfair to Sential that his attorney should not have the preparing his defence. As it was

tre of preparing his defence. As a Faulkner, had not had time to analyize translation of the offered to go to fready in. He offered to go to the testimony and be ready to is a Monday next.

Comparise then adjourned till Monday.

Consul Hay Starts for Pretoria.

Wishington Jan 20 - The State Department to-day received a telegram from Adelbert Hay, United States Consul at Pretoria, dated Cape Town, saving that he was leaving for Pretor, a be way of Delagon Eny Mr. Hay will relieve W Stanley Holls, the Consul ad inter-im, and Mr. Holls will return to his regular post, Lorenzo Marques, Portuguese Africa.

Washington, Jan. 20.—During the last half of 1869 there was an increase of 49,603 in the number of immigrants coming into the United States over the number in the last half of 1898. Assistant Secretary Taylor of the Treasury believes that in the present year there will be 100,000 more immigrants than last year.

THE CAPE NOME GOLD FIELD.

With the Simplest Implements Men Clean Up From \$50 to \$300 a Day. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.-The latest information regarding the Nome gold fields has come to the State Department in the form of a report from Consul Smith of Victoria. A part of

this letter follows: "The indications are that there will be a great rush to Cape Nome next spring, somehery investigation has come to be one of the amusthing like that to the Klondike in the spring ng entertainments of the Capitol. The utter of 1868. The transcortation companies have disregard for even the appearance of truth on already booked all the passengers that can be the part of some of the witnesses is the great feature | carried on the first trips on every vessel that the show, but the actor who has developed | can be secured. At a recent meeting of representatives of the companies it was computed that 65,000 persons desired to go to Cape Nome

"A number of men have called at the Conthe contradictions. After testifying yesterday ing that they dug it on the beach near the to his activity in bribing members of the Legis- water's edge; that men with only hand shovels lature to vote for Senator Clark, he was confronted | and the simplest and rudest of pans cleared with a other which he had written to the Sens- from \$50 to \$100 and even \$300 per day, while ther in-law thanking him for an introduc- sometimes a clean-up of from \$1,000 to \$1,500 to the Senator, saying that it was of the has been reported. Nuggets worth from \$300 to \$400 were found near Anvil Creek, and it is believed \$300,000 to \$400,000 were taken out other side Subsequently he had gone of Snow Gulch last summer; one man, it is before the Grand Jury and the Supreme Court | said, took out \$190,000, while another claims

still more. "There are now between 5,000 and 6,000 confessed to a Mr. Root, the law partner of Clark's | people at Nome City, Anvil City, Cape York, Wellcome, that he had sworn faisely; Port Clarence and vicinity. The buildings are. of course of the most temporary character. An ordinary two-story dwelling of eight rooms to Washington, and that, if he had the means, | rents frequently for \$200 a month. Freight taken from the beach, where it is landed from steamers and barges, costs from 35 to 40 cents gion yesterday, where he gave testimony per cwt.; for the delivery of heavy freight Clark, while confessing that he had writ- by horse, team and wagon \$10 an hour is charge !. The ruling price for a shave is \$1. and for a hair-cut \$1.50. A bath costs \$2. Fifty cents is charged for laundering a flannel att And he put forward the queer dogma | shirts, 75 cents for washing a colored linen shirt and \$1 for the rehabilitation of the rare and luxurious garment known as the white shirt. Cigars and drinks cost 50 cents each, Longshoremen have been paid \$2 an hour for their labor. Carpenters receive \$1.50 an hour. The prevailing fare to Cape Nome just now from Seattle or Victoria is \$100 for first-class

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Senate Bill Passed Changing Material of

desired me to go and see in a low tone of your course of that conversation, in a low tone of your claims thus and to any see. He further desired me to say to Marcyes that he could have \$10,000 for his yote. He further desired me to see Wellcome and get expense money. Wellcome paid me \$50 for expenses.

Q. Did you not say before the Supreme Court. This sold by Mr. Clark that he would pay \$10,000 to the members who voted for him? A Yes, I said that
Q. Did you say anything in regard to the low whisper? A. I do not know that I ever the death of Lorenzo Danford, late a representative from the Sixteenth district of Ohio. Addresses were delivered by Messrs Gill this successor). Tayler, Brown, Grosvenor, Norton, Lentz, Kerr, Weaver, Lybrand, Shattuc, Gordon, Van Voorhus and Southard of Ohio, and McCall of Massachusetts. At the conclusion of these the House, as a further mark of respect, adjourned.

Collector of Customs Smith, at Gibara, Cuba, Dies of Wounds Received Jan. 9.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20. - Assistant Secretary of War Meikleighn has received from Col. T. H. Bliss, at Havana, copies of telegrams from the customs officers at Gibara, Cuba, telling of the death of Jesse W. Smith, Collector of Customs at Gibara, who was shot by a Cuban editor on Jan. 9. The shooting was the result of an encounter between the two men, Smith taking the editor to task for articles published regard-

the editor to task for articles published regarding consideration which he had for add and for turning over the letters for all and for turning over the letters for all and count. Neverbeen subpensed and had testified and Root had both betrayed him examination closed, and counselets read a second letter from Cason fing the latter for having published and asserting that Root and clark reword in it was false, and saying appear in Washington and testify He referred in this second letter to be affected was in Las Clarides. It was thought that Smith would recover from his wounds, but it became necessary to amputate his leg

but it became necessary to amputate his the Senate if it cost \$1,000,000,
coffree texamination Casen spoke of the
to him by Rest, so that he might leave
avoid a subporna to come to Washingand that it had been paid to him in curRoot had gone over to the ranking
W. A. Clark & Brother. There were
9 bills and eight fifties.

VALUE OF FARM CROPS ON DEC. 1. Wheat, \$319,545,259; Corn, \$629,210,110; Oats, \$198,167.975.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20,-The statistician of the Department of Agriculture has made pub-He his final est mates of the acreage, production and value of the crops of 1809. The values are based on the average farm prices on Dec. 1, in accordance with the practice of the Department.

The wheat acreage was 44,592,516, the production 547,303,846 bushels, and the value \$319,545,259, the average yield per acre being \$319.545,259, the average yield per acre being 12.3 bushels and the average farm price per bushel on Dec. 1, 58.4 cents.

The corn acreage was \$2,108,587, the production 2.078,143,933 bushels, and the value \$459,210,110, the average yield per acre being 25.3 bushels and the average farm price per bushel on Dec. 1, 30.3 cents.

The acreage in cats was 28,341,380, the production 704,177,713 bushels and the value \$158,107,975, the average yield per acre being 30,2 bushels and the average farm price per bushel on Dec. 1, 24.9 cents.

The barley crop is estimated at 73,381,563 bushels, the type crop at 228,783,232 bushels and the hay crop at 56,855,756 tons.

Bubonic Plague in Honolulu.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.-The Department of State has been informed by United States State has been informed by United States Agent Haywood at Honolulu, telegraphed from San Francisco under date of Jan. 19, that there have been five cases of buttonic plague since the last report and altogether six deaths.

Washington Notes.

Washington, Jan. 20.—House Elections Committee No. 1, by a strict party vote of the 3, to-day decided to recommend that the seat from the Fourth Alabama district, now occupied by Gaston O, Robbins, the sitting member, be given to William F. Aldrich, the Republican contestant.

CLEARING AWAY R. T. SNAGS

SUPPLEMENTARY LEGISLATION TO BE SOUGHT AT ALBINY.

Comptroller and the Commission Agreed as to Certain Measures That Are Necessary to Simplify the Providing of Funds for the Great Undertaking The Rapid Transit Railroad Commission met yesterday afternoon in special session to take action in relation to legislation regarding the issue of bonds for the building of the rapid transit railroad lines in accordance with the suggestions which had been made on Friday by Comptroller Coler. After the bid of Contractor John B. McDonald had been accepted on Tuesday, and the building of the \$35,000,000 roadseemed assured, the Comptroller began to look up the manner in which the bonds for the undertaking would be issued, and he discovered an apparent conflict between the Rapid Transit statutes and the act which forms the

charter of the greater city. Under the Rapid Transit statutes, known as Chapter 4 of the Laws of 1891 as amended, it is provided that the issue of all bonds for raising money to pay for the building of the underground road shall be directly under the control of the Rapid Transit Railroad Commission and that the action of the Comptroller and other city officials in relation to them shall be simply ministerial. Under the charter the issue of the bonds is put under the control of the Munfcipal Assembly, and this body has shown that it can make itself a nuisance by holding up bond issues even if its members do get into trouble with the courts afterward for their lack of action. The counsel for the Rapid Transit Railroad Commission assured the Comptroller that the charter had not in any way impaired the power of the commission, but at his request there was drawn up the form for an explanatory amendment to the Charter-in other words, Chapter 378 of the laws of 1897-making it clear that the powers previously put into the hands of the Commission had not been impaired. This amendment will also make it certain that the Comptroller will not be obliged to issue or sell the whole \$35,000,000 worth of bonds at once and so saddle the contractor with an interest charge of great size from the beginning. The form of the amendment is in the main techper ton. The earliest date at which any of the nical, but the latter part, which relates to the steamers are abvertised to leave for Nome is issue of the bonds, is quite plain. It reads as

"No approval by the Municipal Assembly to or for corporate stock, as provided by section 169 of this act, shall be necessary to authorize the

MOSE PROCEDIANS.

**Most Supersoned by the constraints and make shapersone from Washing and make shapersone from Washing and Supersone from Washing Supersone from Washing and Supersone from Washing and Supersone from Washing and Supersone from Washing and Supersone from Washing Supersone from Washing and Supersone from Washing and Supersone from Washing Supers the property owners' associations on both the West and North Sides, who were a little while ago clamoring for assurances that work would be begun at their ends of the routes first. Cyrus Clark, Fresident of the West Fred Association, made a suggestion yesterday regarding the disposition of waste material from the tunnels, which may prove of vade. He said: "The city could use all that Is dug in the upner western section for the widening of Riverside Fark. Last year the city acquired the water front from Seventy-second to Ninety-sixth street by right of eminent domain, and is now condemning property above that. The plan is to make the present park 400 feet wider by adding to the water front, and at the same time extending it to a length of three miles. It would be a short hauf from the tunnel excavations to the river, and I do not see how the contractors could make any more satisfactory arrangement than to dump their material there, where it would be a public benefit."

He also spoke in favor of making the exten-ion of the road down Broadway to the Battery and beyond, saying that he should like to see the road reach from Bronx Park to Staten Island.

BALTMORE, Md., Jan. 20.—John B. McDonald will be bonded by two Baltimore companies and one New York company. The United states Fidelity and Gugranty Company and the

tates Fidelity and Guaranty Company and the fidelity and Deposit Company are the local ompanies, and the American Surety Company, he New York concern. The first bond to be lied will amount to \$6,000,000, of which \$5,000,000 is to run until the work is accepted and \$1,000,000 for litty years as a guarantee gainst defects. The three surety companies will receive as their compensation \$300,000 or nore, which will be equally divided among here.

HURT BY RUNAWAY HORSE. Mrs. Kate Dunbar Knocked Down-Both Ankles Fractured.

A cab horse ran away in Fifth avenue near Tenth street yesterday morning. There were two men and a woman in the cab, and when the horse bolted the men opened the door and jumped out. The woman followed a moment afterward, but slipped and fell on the pavement. She escaped with only a slight cut on the lip. The driver, Thomas Conniff, succeeded in turning the horse into Ninth street, but was unable to check its speed. As the horse turned the corner into Sixth avenue one of the wheels of the cab glanced against the curb, causing Connift to fall from his seat. Around the corner in Sixth avenue Mrs. Kate Dunbar of 44 Grove street, who was crossing the street, was run down and the wheels of the cab bassed over both her ankles, fracturing them. The horse continued up Sixth avenue and ran the cab into an elevated road pillar, completely wrecking the vehicle. The horse was caught by a man who said he was Thomas McGiyan. but was unable to check its speed. As the McGlynn.
Mrs. Dunbar was taken to her home and
Coheiff, who received contusions on the head,
was treated at St. Vincent's Hospital.

Army and Navy Orders. WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.-These army orders

were issued to-day: were issued to-day:

First Lieut. Thomas B. Lamoreur, Second Artillery, from Baltimore to devernors Island.

Major Frank D. Baldwin, Third Infantry, Fort Slo-Major Frank D. Baldw.n. Third Infantry, Fort Sio-cum to this city.

First Lieut. Wm. H. Oury, Company F, and First Lieut. John F. B. Mitchell, Jr., Company D, Twelfth Infantry, exchange companies. Capt. Charles H. Muir, second Infantry, assigned to Company F, Twelfth Infantry.

Major James C. Merrill, Surgeon, detailed as a member of the Examining Board at Washington vice Colonel Dallas Bachs, Assistant Surgeon Gen-aral reliated.

These Naval orders were issued: Command r H. G. Harber from the Navy Yard, is w York to temporary duty in the office of Naval Intelligence,
Lieut J. E. Palmer to temporary engineer duty on
the Pensacols, then to the Asiatic station for augineer duty only.
Lieut H. M. Dombaugh, relieved from all duty at
League Island yard, except as Recorder of Board of
Labor Employment.
Lieut. S. Morgan, sick leave extended three
months from Jan. 27.

Mr. Grahams Polley Accused of Squander ing His Sister's Estate.

Supreme Court Justice Marean of Brooklyn issued an injunction yesterday restraining Grahams Polley from selling or disposing of a fund of \$40,000 belonging to his sister. Mrs. Sarah Jane Quinn, and of which he was the trustee. Mrs. Quinn has a suit pending for the removal of her brother as trustee and for an accounting. She avers that her brother is of dissolute habits; that he has been squandering her money in dissipation, and has become nearly insolvent.

SIXTY-ONE NEW NAVAL VESSELS.

Chief Constructor Hichborn's Estimate of the Dates of Completion.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20,-Rear Admiral Philip Highborn, Chief Constructor of the Navy, has prepared a table showing the probable dates of completion of the sixty-one war vessels now under construction for the Government. Four of the eight unsheathed battleships are to be completed this year, according to Admiral Hichborn's estimates. These are the Kearsarge in May, the Kentucky in June, the Alabama in July and the Wisconsin in September. The four others are the Illinois, to be completed in March, 1901; the Maine, in November, 1901; and the Missouri and the Ohio, in June, 1902. The Chief Constructor predicts that the three sheathed battleships, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Georgia, and the three sheathed armored cruisers, West Virginia, Ne braska and California, authorized by Congress at the last session, will be completed in October. 1903, if the armor controversy is settled in

ber. 1903. if the armor controversy is settled in time to permit the Navy Department to execute contracts for constructing these ships by July of this year.

The date fixed for the Albany's completion is March. 1900, but she will be ready for going into commission by the middle of February, according to present appearances. All the other sheathed protected cruisers, six in number, will, in the Chief Constructor's opinion, be ready for service in November, 1902. These vessels are the Denver, the Des Moines, the Chattanooga, the Galveston, the Tacoma and the Cleveland.

The mentior Arkansas is to be completed in January, 1902, and the others under construction, the Connection, the Florida and the Wyoming in July, 1901.

The Naval Academy training ship Chesapeake has been practically completed. So have the torpedo boats Stringham and Goidsborough. The torpedo boats Stringham and Goidsborough. The torpedo boats Palagren and T. A. M. Craven, included in the sixty-one vessels mentioned by the Chief Constructor, are in commission. For the sixteen torpedo boat destroyers and the other thirteen torpedo boats under construction, the following dates of completion are set:

Torpedo boats: The Bailey, September, 1800, the Bailey, the Planey, the Biddle, the Bi-keley, the DeLong, the Nicholson, the Thornton, the Tingri and the Wilkes, December, 1900.

Torpedo boat destroyers: The Bailbridge,

ber. 1900.
Torpedo boat destroyers: The Bainbridge, the Barry, the Chauneey, the Horkins, the Hull, the Lawrence, the Macdonough, the Paul Jones, the Perry, the Preble, the Stewart, the Truxton, the Whipple and the Worden, April, 1901, and the Dale and the Decaur, May, 1901. The submarine torpedo hoat Plunger will be ready for service in Jan. 1901.

POOLSELLING IN BROOKLYN.

A Case About Which Price Won't Talk-Resort in Coney Island Closed.

the remarks made by Sepator Ford the day before in which Mr. Ford charged that the Comptroller had taken advantage of an emergency to put the entire school system of New York at the mercy of the Board of Estimate. Mr. Coler said that he could not imagine what harm would come to the schools if they were in

the hands of the board. Later he made the folloving statement:
"I regret extremely having to enter into any "I regret extremely having to enter into any public discussion with Senator Ford in regard to Senator Grady's bill for the relief of the school teachers. This bill is one in which I have not the slightest personal interest, and it is only because of the disire which every one has to relieve the distress which the teachers of Queens and Richmond suffer by reason of clumsy legislation that I prepared this bill, which will accomplish such relief with the least possible disturbance of the oducational provisions of the Charter concerning which there is so much difference of opinion. But when Senator Ford states, as he has done publicly, that this bill will enable the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to take away money from the several school boards without their consent, he states something which is not only wholly untrue, but dangerous to the success of the bill. For if such a thing were true the bill ought to be beaten. As a marter of fact, however, the bill expressly requires the consent of each school board before any transfer can be made from its appropriation."

Colson Indicted for Murder.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Jan. 20.-Col. Colson has been indicted for the murder of Scott and Demarce last week. He has not been admitted

"I have also recommended these medicines to my friends who suffered from female weakness."



"I was troubled for three years with ulceration and female weakness and my doctor gave me
but little relief," writes Mrs. Luiu Hunter, of
Allenton, St. Louis Co., Mo. "I saw am advertisement in the paper of Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I began the use of it about a year ago.
I took five bottles of it, and one bottle of 'Golden
Medical Discovery,' and my health is better now
than it was for years. I have also recommended
these medicines to some of my friends, who sufferred from female weakness, and good results fered from female weakness, and good results have followed."

The greatest advertisement of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription are the women who have used it and been cured by it. It is not a common "cure-all It has a single purpose, the cure of diseases peculiar to women, and this purpose it accomplishes thoroughly and per-

ite Prescription. Such a claim cannot be truthfully made for any other preparation put up specially for women and on sale at the medicine stores. Accept no substitute. Every sick or ailing woman is invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, free of charge. Every letter is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential All enswers are sent in sealed envelopes, bearing no advertising or other printed matter upon them. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y

There is no alcohol, or opium, or other

narcotic contained in Dr. Pierce's Favor-

GRIP FATAL TO CATARRH VICTIMS.

Pe-ru-na The Reliance of Millions of Sufferers From La Grippe and Catarrh.



REV. E. STUBENVOLL, OF PELLA, WIS.

Rev. E. Stubenvoll, Pastor of the Bethlehem Church, at Pella, Wis., in a ent letter to Dr. Hartman says

"I cannot but feel obliged to extend you my personal thanks for my complete restoration. All through this winter I suffered from throat and lung trouble, but recovered my entire health by the use of your excellent remedy, Pe-ru-na, and can only speak well of your extraordinary medicine. May your medicine be the same blessing to others that it has been to me.'

Every person who has had la grippe | recent letter to Dr. Hartman, says during the last year should take a course of Peruna. No one need expect perfect recovery unless they do so. The grippe has but took a relapse and was in bed several produced catarrial inflammation of the whole mucous membrane, and good health is impossible until these are restored to a normal condition. This Peruna will do. A great many remedies have been suggested for this condition iron time to time, but Peruna appears to be the only remedy that has any substants.

be the only remedy that has any substantial value in these cases. It has stood the test of 40 years' experience, and still occupies the unique position of being the leading (if not the only) specific remedy for the after-effects of la grippe.

Mr. John H. Johnson, Prin. Belle Haven, Va. In a discount two months, and though I had the daily service of a skilled physician and had taken an abundance of medicine, I gradually

Mr. W. T. H. Dunnagan, Charlotte, Tenn., in a recent letter says; "About two years ago I was taken down with la grippe, which finally developed into nervous weak-ness; in fact, I was out of shape all over. I had all the symptoms of a weakened nervous system, and added to it catarrh and by neghtlis. and bronchitis. "Also my stomach troubled me; after eating I would experience a heavy feeling in my stomach like a lump of lead, which, added to my already nervous condition, made me miserable indeed. I had tried various patent medicines without benefit, I finally saw Dr. Hartman's advertisement

grew worse. At this juncture one of your descriptive pamphlets found its way to me and attracted my attention.

"I had been a sufferer with

chronic catarrh for about fifteen

years, and the grippe aggravated

it, causing a serious throat and

"As soon as I read your book I thought As soon as I read your book I along the Peru-na was the thing I needed. I sent for three bottles, and though I had been practically voiceless for about eleven weeks, less than two bottles of your mediance.

weeks, less than two bottles of your medi-cine caused my voice to return and healed my throat and vocal organs. I at once began to take on flesh and grow stronger and the symptoms gradually began to dis-appear. After the third bottle might sweats left me, and when I had taken the fourth bottle I weighed 145 pounds. In my ex-treme sickness I must have been reduced to 125 pounds; now I weigh 153, and all the summer I have enjoyed good health.

"I feel that I owe my life to the

wonderful curative powers of Pe-

ru-na, and though my druggist

never kept it before, he sells more

of it now through the good it has

done me than any one kind of

medicine he keeps. I shall al-

ways remember Pe-ru-na, and

cheerfully recommend it to any-

one suffering from grippe or ca-

tarrhal trouble." J. H. Johnson.

lung complication.

and wrote to him as a last resort. He imediately put me on his Pe-ru-na and "Before the first bottle of Peru-na was gone that feeling in my stomach had left me; also the catarrhal expectorations began to grow less, which before was one continual hawk and spit; also the wheezing in my throat caused by the extension of the catarrh was stopped immediately. In fact, to

of me. "The year following I did the hardest year's work I ever did in my life. I have been exposed a good deal since, and have never taken the least cold. As a catarrh remedy Pe-ru-na cannot be beaten in the whole range of medical science

make matters short, I continued with Pe-ru-na till it made a man

Ask your druggist for a free Peruna Al-manac for the year 1900.

M'LAUGHLIN OFF TO REST. BROOKLYN LEADER WILL STAY IN FLORIDA TILL SPRING.

Said Coffey's Counsel Had Lied About Him and That He Was Too Old for Political Excitement - Shevlin in Command. McLaughlin, Mr. and Mrs. Nevins, Jeremiah | ment of the December Grand Jury. Quaid. Thomas Kerrigan and Miss Sarah Kerrigan, Later, Judge John Courtney, ex- torney failed to soothe the fractious Grand Congressman John M. Clancy and other close friends of Mr. McLaughlin will join the party. | quired for the inquiry contemplated, said that Pending Mr. McLaughtin's return, James if it were begun this month routine criminal Shevlin, long his first lieutenant, will be the recognized manager of the Democratic forces | rangement to have a Special Grand Jury go inin Kings county, his chief aides being ex- to the matter in February. The Grand Jury-

Senator John McCarty and Senator P. H. The last few days previous to his departure | Jury and that Judge McMahon in his charge of were disturted by some incidents in the trial | Jan. 2 had told them to give the matter their of Senator Michael J. Coffey for disloyalty to consideration. Judge McMahon at that time the party in the recent campaign. One of the Brooklyn papers quoted him as saying that it would not be "healthy" for Senator Coffey to have him summoned as a witness. This apparently did not seare. Senator Coffey or Isaac M. Kapper, his counsel, for on Friday morning Mr. McLaughlin received this communication from the latter:

"183 MONTAGUE STREET,
BROOKLYN, Jan. 19, 1800.
Hon. Hugh McLaughlin, 9 Willoughby street, Brookling, N. F.

Kapper's statement that he had to summon Senator Coffey to his assistance in 1897 in or-der to secure proper recognition for Brooklyn on the city ticket, he remarked:

der to secure proper recognition for Brooklyn on the city ticket, he remarked:

"What authority has he for saying that?"

When told that the story, according to Mr. Kapper, came from another authority and not from Senator Coffey, Mr. Melaughlin said:

"Well, he lies, I am an old man. I have not had much to do with polities for two or three years—no, not in four or five years, for that matter. When one gets as old as I am, he doesn't want the excitement of polities. I am an old man now, and I want to keep out of strife. I have lived to serve my day and generation as best I could. My only desire now is for pence and quiet, and I think I am entitled to it. I have nothing to say about the charges arainst Senator Coffey."

Most of the Prooklyn district leaders and a score of personal friends were on hand to see the Mr. Melaughlis off and wish him a pleasant of the life of our pouch, which thus does "double duty" in a double sense. score of personal friends were on hand to see Mr. McLaughlin off and wish tim a pleasant sejourn in Florida. The vall spoke of Mr. hap-per's challenge as a "bluff," and some of them regretted that Mr. McLaughlin had not called

New Church for Dyker Heights Episcops lians.

Work has been begun on the building of the new St. Philip's Protestant Episcopal Church at Eighteenth street and Eleventh avenue in the Dyker Heights district of Brooklyn. The site was given to the church by F. C. Dexter and Walter L. Johnson, and the building will be completed in time for services on Laster Sunday. It will be of English half timber. The church was organized only six menths ago. The pastor is the Rev. John H. Sattig, formerly pastor of All Saints' Church. Seventh avenue and Seventh street, Brooklya. JANUARY GRAND JURORS SORE.

ter Has Not Been Laid Before Them. District Attorney Gardiner was absent from

Tuesday. His absence was due to the advice cy-Assemblyman Samuel . Slater to his old of his physicians. Most of the time he spent in office at the special election on Tuesday. This Hugh McLaughlin, the veteran Democratic the Criminal Courts last Tuesday was spent was, they said, over-confidence on the part of chiefran of Brooklyn, started yesterday on the with the Grand Jury, that body having become | Republicans. The district workers intend to Florida Limited express for Former Fire Chief | nettled in the disinclination shown by the Dis- | spend to-day, Monday and Tuesday in person-Thomas F. Nevins's resort at Riverview, on the | trict Attorney's office to allow it to begin inves- ally visiting the enrolled Republican voters. Indian River, where he will remain until tigating the assaults on the credit of Brooklyn | The Hon, Silas C. Croft, leader of the district spring. He was accompanied by Mrs. Rapid Transit in accordance with the present-It developed yesterday that the District At-

Jurymen. He explained to them the time recases would suffer delay, and told of his armen agreed that the inquiry had been bequeathed to them by the December Grand consideration. Judge McMahon at that time spoke of the comparatively few cases held over for action this month and said that the condition of the criminal business coming before the Court was in excellent shape and that the District Attorney's office was to be congratulated on the showing. The Grand Jurymen reminded Col. Gardiner of Judge McMahons words and said that they had comparatively little work to do and could easily spare time for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit inquiry. That is, some of them said so. Others appeared to be glad enough to be spared the trouble. for the Brooklyn Rapid Transit inquiry. That is, some of them said so. Others appeared to be glad enough to be spared the trouble.

Yesterday's developments were that some of the fractions Grand Jurymen had consulted Judge McMahon regarding what they said was a reflection upon their honesty and intelligence by the District Attorney. It is expected that on Moday Judge McMahon will make some reference to the matter in the usual address to the Grand Jury.

ELECTION WEEK IN THE 318T. Because the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Mat- Slater Will Win if the Republicans Turn Out and Vote.

The Republican campaigners in the Thirtyhis office in the Criminal Courts building all first Assembly district declared last night that last week, with the exception of a few hours on only one thing could prevent the election of said yesterday that Mr. Slater would be elected surely if all the enrolled Republicans would take pains to vote. Mr. Slater said yesterday that his only fear lay in the fact that a great many of his friends seemed to think that he

would have a "walk over." One thing which is helping Mr. Slater in his One thing which is helping Mr. Slater in his canvass is his record on the Schoolteachers' bill, which hears Senator Aheam's name. Mr. Slater introduced this bill in the Assembly, and secured its immediate consideration and ultimate passage by vigorous work. The schoolteachers in the district are all enthusiastic in Mr. Slater's behalf, and there are many of them in the district Mr. Slater's friends are particularly gratified at the interest the teachers take, because no effort has been made by the Republican organization to enlist them in his support. them in his support.

BARBER ASPHALT CO. PRESIDENCY.

Gen. Greene Made It Over to Gen. Andrews B. cause He Was Tired of So Hard Work Gen. Francis V. Greene, who resigned the

Presidency of the Barber Asphalt Paving Company about a month ago, although the news did not get out until vesterday, said last night "I resigned because I had made up my mind that I had worked harder during the past five or ten years than I wanted to work for the or ten years than I wanted to work for the coming five or ten years, had grown tired of going to the office every day at 9 o'clock in the morning and working until 6 o'clock in the evening and working hard every minute of the time. Gen. Avery D. Andrews had been the counsel for the company for some time and last year he was made Vice-President. He is such a good man that I simply turned my work over to him and he has been made President. I will be at the office of the company every day, looking after matters with which I am espe-I will be at the office of the company every day, looking after matters with which I am especially conversant, but I will not have the hard work that I had as President. I am not even a director of the company any longer, but I am still largely interested in the company financially.

Archbishop Keane in Town. Archbishop Reane, formerly rector of the Catholic University at Washington and lately a prelate resident at Rome, is at present in this city in the interests of the university. It is likely that he will remain here for some weeks and while in New York is aguest of Archand while in New York is a guest of Archibishop Corrigan. Archbishop Keane is in the city in pursuance of the mission to which has was appointed by the Pope last summer. This mission is to present the claims of the Catholic University to the Catholic Church of the country for its sympathy and support and to collect funds for the extension of the work and scope of the university. The Archbishop will preach to day in the Church of the Sacred Heart on West Flity-first street, of which Mgr. Mooney, the Vicar-General of the discess, is rector.



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